# The New Normal: How to educate the ISD and AI Specialists and enhance their Competencies in Poland's Post-COVID Era

## Renata Tomaszewska

Kazimierz Wielki University, Bydgoszcz

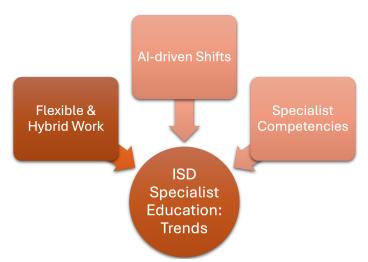
### 1 Background

The post-COVID-19 and Gen AI era brought new **opportunities** and **challenges** for ISD, especially in the **education** of **specialists**.

## 2 Approach

A literature review of publications from 2019-2023.

# 3 Results: Key Trends in ISD Specialist Education



#### Work Flexibility and Hybrid Model:

Transition to **remote work** during the pandemic led to temporary challenges but also **innovative** work or-

ganization solutions. In ICT, there's a preference for **hybrid models** as the new normal.

#### Impact of AI on the Industry and Profession:

The digital transformation fuelled by AI has led to **advancements** in automation, online commerce, remote communication technologies, etc. The application of AI in companies increases **productivity** and **efficiency** among IT professionals.

Specialist Competencies – Diagnosis and Needs: The roles in ISD/AI require a mix of hard (e.g., programming, data analysis) and soft skills (e.g., communication, teamwork). Polish specialists excel in technical skills but lag behind in soft skills compared to the EU average.

## 4 Conclusions: Preparing for the Future of ISD

Evolving Competencies: The growing need for enhanced ISD and AI skills to support Poland's digital economy post-COVID. Skills Gap Challenge: Polish companies experience difficulties in recruiting adequately skilled talent. Importance of Continuous Education: The necessity of continuous education, reskilling, and upskilling for ISD specialists to stay competitive. Investment in Competencies: Strategic investments in both hard and soft skills for long-term growth. Role of Soft Skills: Essential as they add unique value to the roles of human specialists.

